#### GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE REQUIREMENTS & LOCAL Laws

#### **STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLANS FROM THE REVIEW ENGINEER'S PERSPECTIVE**

CDRPC June 15, 2011



Mark Lindsay Kestner Jr, PE Associate (p) 518 273 7446 x115 (f) 518 273 7583 lindsay@kestnerengineering.com

Mark L Kestner PE 7 Lindsay Drive, Troy, NY 12180 consulting Engineer PLLC www.kestnerengineering.com BS in Civil Engineering RPI 1994

MS in Construction Managemer Arizona State University 1995

New York State Licensed Professional Engineer

Began working in the engineering field in 1992

Specialize in Municipal, Commercial and Residential Projects and Reviews

2

## ROLE OF REVIEW ENGINEER

- Guide Applicants through the Review Process
- Contact Point for Applicant on Technical Issues
- Review the Project for Compliance.

3

### ROLE OF REVIEW ENGINEER

- Understanding of the Project
- Identification of Applicable Codes & Regulations
- Identification of Involved Parties
- Determination of Regulatory Hierarchy
- Coordination with Town Officials & Officers
- Communicate with the Applicant
- Documentation of Actions
- Stay Current

Offer Suggestions not just Point Out Problems Be Reasonable Be Clear Be Available Be Helpful Respect Other People's Responsibilities

## COMMON ISSUES AND GREY AREAS

- Existing Stormwater Problems (Quantity or Quality)/Construction Phase Alterations
- Coordination of Project Across Time and Departments within the Municipality
- Coordination of Regulations
- Mixed Design Teams

- Coordinating People in Advisory Positions with People in Approving Positions
- Volume of data
- Incomplete / Incorrect
- Who is Ultimately Responsible when it exceeds capacity? Requires Maintenance? Breaks?

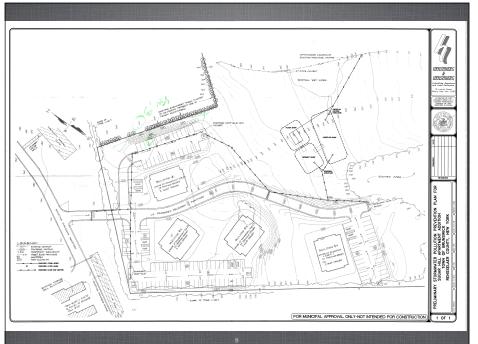
5

#### **SOLUTIONS**

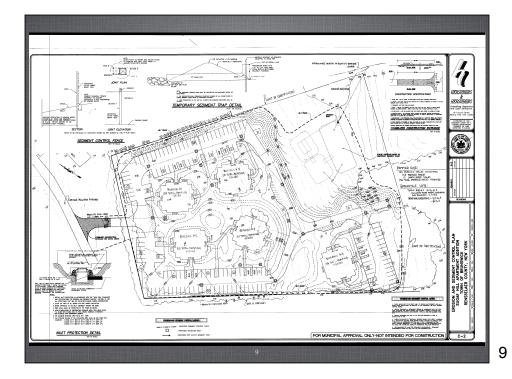
- Early Identification of all Involved Parties is Critical
  - Owners
  - Project Engineer
  - Project Architect
  - Reviewers
  - Regulatory Agencies
  - Advisory Parties

- All Communication methods should be employed
  - Formal and Informal
  - Email, Phone, Fax, Electronic Documents, Face to Face Meetings
- Compromise
- Stay Current













# **ROADWAY ACCESS**





# FIRE HYDRANT ACCESS

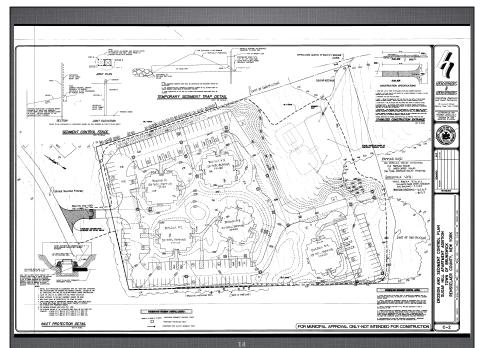




# MANEUVERING ON THE SITE











15

#### CONCLUSIONS ON ACCESS ISSUES

- 2010 New York State Fire Code Requirements are primary and set the minimum requirements for access roads and aerial fire apparatus access roads.
- Site layout can change depending on building type, height, & construction.

#### HOW HAS THE PROCESS CHANGED?

- Understanding of Project
- Identification of Applicable Codes & Regulations
- Identification of Involved Parties
- Determination of Regulatory Hierarchy
- Coordination with Town Officials & Officers
- Agree on Communication Methods that will be Used

17

- Documentation of Actions
- Stay Current STAY INVOLVED

17

#### **EXAMPLE PROJECT**

18

- Town of Brunswick
- Commercial Retail Site Plan
- 4 acre site
- Town, County, and State approvals required
- First Green Infrastructure Project for Town and Owner
- Speed of Process was a primary concern
- Corner Lot of State and County Roads
- Served by Public Water Sewer

- Stormwater ultimately discharges to DOT highway infrastructure
- 4 Month Review Cycle from submission of plan to Conditioned approval (DOT Approval Pending)
- Site Plan

#### EXAMPLE OF GREEN PROJECT CHOICES

19

- Roadway Reduction
- Sidewalk Reduction
- Driveway Reduction
- Cul-de-Sac Reduction
- Building Footprint Reduction
- Parking Reduction/Alternatives Surfaces
- Conservation of Natural Areas
- Vegetative Swale

- Tree Planting / Tree Pit
- Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff
- Stream Daylighting
- Rain Gardens/Bioretention
- Green Roof
- Stormwater Planters
- Rain Barrels/Cisterns
- Porous Pavement

