Albany Pool Combined Sewer System Long-Term Control Plan Development



Agenda

- Introductions *Rocky Ferraro*, *CDRPC*
 - Public Participation Plan Overview
- Long-Term Control Plan Development APJVT
 - Regulatory Activities Recap
 - Receiving Waters Conditions
 - Combined Sewer System (CSS) Flow Monitoring
 - CSS Modeling and Baseline Results
 - Moving Forward / Next Steps
- Questions and Comments



Project Organization Framework



Public Participation Plan

Target Audiences

- Albany Pool Communities' Ratepayers/Taxpayers and Residents
- Elected and Appointed Leadership of Albany Pool Communities
- Environmental Groups and Recreational Users Associated with the Hudson River
- Leadership and Residents of Communities Contributing Flows to the Albany Pool CSS
- Riverfront Business Operators



Public Participation Plan

Goals and Objectives

- Provide Albany Pool Municipal Officials with Public Input
- Establish Early Communication with the Public
- Encourage Dialogue Between NYSDEC and the Public
- Solicit Public Concerns During LTCP Development
- Make Technical Aspects of the Project Clear
- Build Awareness of Issues Associated with CSOs



Previous Regulatory Activities

- Combined Sewer System Modeling Workplan -September 2007 (Approved)
- Receiving Water Quality Sampling Plan October 2007, Revised April 2008 (Approved)
- Combined Sewer System Monitoring Plan -February 2008, Revised April 2008 (Approved)



Recent Regulatory Activities

- Receiving Waters Condition Assessment February 2009 (Approved)
- Request for Schedule Extension August 2009 (Approval Pending)
 - Additional CSS Monitoring Locations
 - Additional Tributary Sampling (2009)
 - Expanded DO Modeling
- Combined Sewer System Baseline Modeling Report – Submitted October 2009 (Approval Pending)



	2007	2008	2009	2010
Public Participation Plan				
Receiving Water Conditions Assessment				
Combined Sewer System Mapping, Database & Digitizing	_			
Combined Sewer System Monitoring			-	
Combined Sewer System Modeling				
WWTP Wet Weather Capacity Study	-			
Develop & Evaluate CSO Control Alternatives				
Funding, Financial Impact and Affordability Evaluation				
Implementation Schedule				
Prepare Draft & Final Reports				



Overview of LTCP Development Process

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

CSS CHARACTERIZATION

Mapping, Database & Digitizing

Receiving Waters Condition Assessment

CSS Monitoring & Sampling

CSS Modeling

WWTP Wet-Weather Capacity Study

LTCP DEVELOPMENT

Develop & Evaluate CSO Control Alternatives

Funding, Financial Impact & Affordability

> Implementation Schedule

Prepare LTCP Report



Project Update...

Receiving Waters Conditions Assessment

- Water Quality Sampling Recap
- Dry/Wet Weather Data Review
- Summarize Major Findings



Receiving Waters Conditions Assessment

- Most comprehensive Albany Pool Sampling Program to date
 - Dry Weather
 - Wet Weather
- Approximately \$1M program
 - \$350K for analytical services
 - \$280K for WBE field assistance





Sampling Locations



albany pool CDM MARCAN CHA



Dry Weather Sampling

- 15 events preceded by 72 hours of dry weather
- 1 sample circuit of 44 locations per event
 - 10 river transects (30 locations)
 - 7 tributaries
 - 2 potential beach sites
 - 5 treatment plants
- Fecal Coliform, E. Coli, pH, Conductivity, Temperature, Dissolved Oxygen



Wet Weather Sampling

- 4 events preceded by 72 hours dry weather
- Community-wide storm event
- Target rainfall 0.25 to 0.75 inches
- Target duration 3 to 9 hours
- CSS sampling in:
 - Albany Big C
 - Troy Cross Street
 - Cohoes Little C/Saratoga Street
 - Rensselaer Partition Street



Hydrodynamics of "Albany Pool"

Watershed

- 8500 square miles
- 3500 miles² Mohawk River
- Hydropower
 - 16 Upper Hudson Facilities
 - EJ West at Sacandaga

Tidal

- Below Federal Dam
- 6 foot average range





Bacteria Standards

- NYS Fecal Coliform Standard for Class A, B and C Waters
 - Geometric Mean of 5 samples < 200 cfu / 100 ml
- USEPA Proposed Standard for E. Coli
 - Geometric Mean of 5 samples < 126 cfu / 100 ml
 - Single Sample Maximum < 235 cfu / 100 ml for designated beach area



Geometric Mean

Geomean = $5\sqrt{(y_1 * y_2 * y_3 * y_4 * y_5)}$



Dry Weather Summary

- Fecal Coliform and *E. Coli* exhibit similar trends
- Rivers well mixed laterally
- Hudson and Mohawk Rivers generally in compliance with fecal coliform standard at upstream limits of study
- Most transects meet fecal coliform standards
- Significant bacteria counts in Patroons Creek



Dry Weather Summary, continued

- Wynants Kill and Poesten Kill generally exceed fecal coliform compliance limits
- Normans Kill and Mill Creek exceed fecal coliform standard in last period
- Apparent accumulation of bacteria through Albany/Rensselaer reach
- Beaches compliant with fecal coliform standards









Dry-Weather Implications for LTCP

River Well Mixed

- Defined modeling approach for fecal coliform loading
 - WWTP disinfection
 - Patroons Creek, Wynants Kill and Poesten Kill impact
- Beaches compliant with fecal coliform standards during dry weather
- Additional tributary sampling summer 2009



Wet Weather Summary

- Fecal Coliform and *E. Coli* exhibit similar trends
- River well mixed laterally
- Hudson and Mohawk Rivers generally compliant with fecal coliform standards at upstream limits of study
- Larger storms produce greater fecal counts



Wet Weather Summary, Continued

- Dunn Memorial Bridge and Port of Albany transects exceed fecal coliform standard for all events
- Tributaries generally exceed fecal coliform limits
- Apparent accumulation through Albany / Rensselaer reach
- Beaches compliant with fecal coliform geometric mean standards









Dry Event 6, Schodack Park X Dry Event 7, Henry Hudson Park Dry Event 7, Schodack Park Dry Event 8, Henry Hudson Park Dry Event 8, Schodack Park Dry Event 9, Henry Hudson Park Dry Event 9, Schodack Park X Dry Event 10, Henry Hudson Park Dry Event 10, Schodack Park Dry Event 11, Henry Hudson Park Dry Event 11, Schodack Park Dry Event 12, Henry Hudson Park Dry Event 12, Schodack Park

- Dry Event 13, Henry Hudson Park
- Dry Event 13, Schodack Park
- Dry Event 14, Henry Hudson Park
- Dry Event 14, Schodack Park
- Dry Event 15, Henry Hudson Park
- Dry Event 15, Schodack Park
- Wet Event 1, Henry Hudson Park
- Wet Event 1, Schodack Park
- Wet Event 2, Henry Hudson Park
- Wet Event 2, Schodack Park
- Wet Event 3, Henry Hudson Park
- Wet Event 3, Schodack Park
- Wet Event 4, Henry Hudson Park
- Wet Event 4, Schodack Park NY State Standard
- Henry Hudson Park Geo. Mean
- Schodack Park Geo. Mean

Field Measured Parameters

- Hand held probe used to measure
 - Temperature
 - pH
 - Conductivity
 - Dissolved Oxygen



Other Conclusions

- Temperature, Conductivity, pH all in typical ranges
- Unseasonably low Hudson River spring dry weather DO
- Periodic low wet weather DO values at potential beach sites and tributaries





Tributary Wet Weather DO Event 4



CSO Characterization

- CSOs Sampled for:
 - Fecal Coliform
 - E. Coli
 - Total Suspended Solids (TSS)
 - Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD)
 - Ammonia Nitrogen
 - Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)
 - Total Phosphorous



CSO Sampling Frequency

- 15 samples planned
- CSOs sampled at initiation of overflow
- Sampled at 15, 30, 45, 60, 90 minutes
- Then at 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24, 32, and 48 hours



CSO Conclusions

- CSO constituents generally consistent among sites and typical for CSO communities
- Concentrations diminish through overflow event



Wet-Weather Implications on LTCP Program

- River Well Mixed
 - Defined modeling approach for fecal coliform loading
 - WWTP disinfection
 - Patroons Creek, Wynants Kill and Poesten Kill impact
- Despite significant dry and wet weather loading, areas where standards are consistently exceeded are spatially small
- Beaches compliant with geometric mean fecal coliform standard
- Dry weather improvements could reduce CSO control requirements



Combined Sewer System Monitoring

DEC Approved Plan

- 25 flow meters and 4 rain gages
- May August 2008 metering
- September 2008 Deliverable
- Implemented Plan
 - 45 flow meters and 4 rain gages
 - Additional \$176,000 committed
 - June 4 September 6, 2008
 - Completed November 2008





Combined Sewer System Modeling



SWMM Hydrologic Modeling



SWMM Hydraulic Modeling



Model Components

- Pipe hydraulics
 - All CSO regulators
 - All interceptor sewers
 - Principal trunk sewers
- Dry weather flow
 - Sanitary wastewater
 - Base infiltration
- Runoff hydrology
 - Combined and direct drainage
 - Sanitary sewer infiltration/inflow



Dry Weather Flow

- Average sanitary and baseflow. •
- **Diurnal patterns** •

3.5

3.0

2.5

2.0

1.5

Sun 12 AM

Baseflow variation •

CDM MALCOLM CI-LA



1.0

Model Areas



Sewersheds



Albany North Model

- 600 pipes
- 68 catchments
- 24 CSOs
- 13 pump stations
- Patroons Creek
 Interceptor





Albany South Model

- 220 pipes
- 30 catchments
- 20 regulators 12 CSOs
- Tidal influence
- Significant I/I below Big C

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ACSD Interceptor Profiles

Hudson River



Beaver Creek



Rensselaer Model

- 90 pipes
- 17 catchments
- 9 CSOs
- Aiken, Forbes PS
- CSOs to tidal zone
- Considerable separation





Troy Model

- 470 pipes
- 100 catchments
- 49 CSOs
- 106th, Monroe St. PS
- CSOs above and below Federal Dam
- Sanitary flows from Schaghticoke, Brunswick, and North Greenbush





RCSD Interceptor Profile



Calibration and Application

- Calibrate to summer 2008 flow metering
- Perform 5-year continuous simulations
- Obtain annual statistics for each CSO
 - Volume
 - Duration
 - Frequency





Calibration Time Series Hydrographs

Sept6, 1.4 in Troy RCSD_15 Vm=0.90 MG Vo=0.82 MG; Qm=1.7 cfs Qo=1.9 cfs 2.5 2 Flowrate (cfs) 1.5--1 0.5 Ω 9/6/08 3:30 9/6/08 15:30 9/7/08 3:30 9/7/08 15:30 9/8/08 3:30 9/8/08 15:30 Modeled albany pool CDM MALCOLM CHA

Calibration Multi-Storm Scatterplots



Baseline CSO Statistics for 5-Year Simulation

Year	Precipitation (inches)	Percentile
1985	30	13%
1986	44	86%
1987	39	68%
1988	30	10%
1989	40	72%
Average	37	
Long-term	37	
albany point Venture	Team	

CDM MALCOLM CHA

Albany Pool Annual CSO

System	MG/year	Hours	Events	% Capture
Albany North	30	380	61	91
Albany South	753	640	58	65
Rensselaer	20	190	52	88
Troy	448	720	65	67
Total	1251			



Most Active CSOs - Albany North

Location	SPDES	Mgal	Hours	Events
Little C	008	8.6	30	11
7th Street		4.5	330	44
Mohawk Street	007	4.2	380	21
Swan Street		4.0	209	41
Continental Ave	005	2.9	23	11

Five CSOs active ≥40 events/year





Most Active CSOs – Albany South

					Pearl and Tivoli
Location	SPDES	Mgal	Hours	Events	Stratcher and Br
Big C	017	547	513	48	Livingston and Jacks
Bouck	013	94	637	58	ontgomery and Quakenbush
Maiden/ Orange/					Si Columbia si Col
Steuben	029	48	496	56	Broadway and Maiden
Livingston/Jackson/					
Quackenbush	031	36	260	55	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
Division/ State/					Green and Arch
Hudson	025	19	213	42	an & Rensselaer Dongar and Schyler
				Gansevoort &	Franklin
				6	Bouch St. & So. Pearl
				>	New York
albanypo	Ö			O Huy	WTP
				te:	

Most Active CSOs – Rensselaer

AL

3

6t

					Central Ave Tracey
Location	SPDES	Mgal	Hours	Events	Fowler Ave
Columbia/					Colum
Second	003	8.5	109	41	Broadway
Partition	006	5.6	192	40	State St Partition St
Central/					
Barnet	010	3.2	158	52	Real Production
Fowler	007	1.8	108	42	Bank Bank
Belmore	002	0.5	39	27	
					Belmore Place

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Most Active CSOs – Troy

Location	SPDES	MGal	Hours	Events
Liberty	035	55	518	53
State	031	54	414	52
Hoosick	024	25	99	33
Adams	037	25	346	50
Jacob	026	23	429	62
Federal	027	19	217	51

Four CSOs active 500-700 hours/y
17 CSOs ≥50 events/y

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Findings

- 1,250 MG CSO per year, mostly in Troy and Albany South
- DWOs in Troy; solutions identified
- Limited opportunities for optimization
- Few low-cost solutions





LTCP Development Overview

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

CSS CHARACTERIZATION

Mapping, Database & Digitizing

Receiving Waters Condition Assessment

CSS Monitoring & Sampling

CSS Modeling

WWTP Wet-Weather Capacity Study

LTCP DEVELOPMENT

Develop & Evaluate CSO Control Alternatives

Funding, Financial Impact & Affordability

> Implementation Schedule

LTCP Report Preparation



Moving Forward...

Moving Forward...

Ongoing Activities

- Finalize Additional Tributary Sampling Results
- Hudson River Water Quality Model Development
- Meet with DEC in December to discuss Receiving Water Quality Model calibration and baseline conditions
- WWTP Evaluations
- CSO Control Screening

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- Future Activities
 - Control Activities Development
 - Local
 - East Side/West Side
 - Regional
 - **Public Participation**
 - CAC/Public meetings



Moving Forward... Public Information Meeting Schedule

- Round 1 Project Introduction and Overview HVCC March 31, 2008
- Round 2 CSS Characterization Findings Overview November 10, 2009
- Round 3 Mitigation Alternatives Evaluation Spring 2010
- Round 4 LTCP Final Draft Presentation Summer 2010



Albany Pool Combined Sewer System Long-Term Control Plan Development



Questions and Comments

