I OFK		90% Confidence	Interval
Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound U	pper Bound
	C ()		••
11,436	258	11,178	11,69
7,650	358	7,292	8,00
7,645	359	7,286	8,00
7,150	337	6,813	7,43
495	130	365	6
5	9	0	
3,786	368	3,418	4,15
7,645	359	7,286	8,00
6.5%	1.6	4.9%	8.1
5,645	234	5,411	5,8′
3,629	249	3,380	3,87
3,629	249	3,380	3,8′
3,466	244	3,222	3,7
779	189	590	96
570	171	399	74
2,200	224	1,976	2,42
1,902	225	1,677	2,12
6,926	370	6,556	7,2
5,770	390	5,380	6,1
738	190	548	92
12	20	0	2
66	54	12	12
51	63	0	11
289	103	186	39
24.1	2.9	21.2	27
7 150	337	6 813	7,48
,		,	2,49
			1,52
			1,94
		1,432	1,9
		546	97
1,167	185	982	1,35
7,150	337	6,813	7,48
		7	.,
			63
	215	875	1,30
			4
771	158	613	
285	106	179	3
	78	65	2
1/13	70		4
143	106	7775	4
351	126	225	
351 683	164	519	8
351 683 1,753	164 232	519 1,521	8 1,9
351 683	164	519	
	11,436 7,650 7,645 7,150 495 5 3,786 7,645 7,645 6,5% 5,645 3,629 1,902 1,902 289 24.1 7,150 2,221 1,291 1,689 24 758 1,167 43 484 <	Estimate Margin of Error (+/-) 11,436 258 7,650 358 7,645 359 7,150 337 495 130 5 9 3,786 368	Estimate Margin of Error (+/-) Lower Bound U 11,436 258 11,178 7,650 358 7,292 7,645 359 7,286 7,150 337 6,813 495 130 365 5 9 0 3,786 368 3,418 7,645 359 7,286 6,5% 1.6 4.9% 5,645 234 5,411 3,629 249 3,380 3,629 249 3,380 3,629 249 3,380 3,629 249 3,380 3,466 244 3,222 779 189 590 570 171 399 2,200 224 1,976 1,902 225 1,677 1,902 225 1,677 1,902 225 1,677 1,902 225 1,677 1,903 <

CLASS OF WORKER

Civilian employed population 16 years and over	7,150	337	6,813	7,487
Private wage and salary workers	5,512	380	5,132	5,892
Government workers	1,195	244	951	1,439
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	429	134	295	563
Unpaid family workers	14	22	0	36

Geographic Area: Moreau town, Saratoga County, New York Selected Economic Characteristics

 rk
 90% Confidence Interval

 Estimate
 Margin of Error (+/-)
 Lower Bound
 Upper Bound

Selected Economic Characteristics			

Total households	5,480	177	5,303	5,657
Less than \$10,000	340	146	194	480
\$10,000 to \$14,999	384	131	253	515
\$15,000 to \$24,999	574	144	430	718
\$25,000 to \$34,999	565	142	423	70
\$35,000 to \$49,999	706	155	551	86
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,112	180	932	1,292
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,044	181	863	1,225
\$100,000 to \$149,999	604	144	460	74
\$150,000 to \$199,999	115	53	62	16
\$200,000 or more	36	33	3	6
Median household income (dollars)	\$54,831	5,433	\$49,398	\$60,264
Mean household income (dollars)	\$58,934	2,857	\$56,077	\$61,791
With earnings	4,268	209	4,059	4,477
Mean earnings (dollars)	\$63,352	3,739	\$59,613	\$67,091
With Social Security	1,661	188	1,473	1,84
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	\$14,955	1,299	\$13,656	\$16,254
With retirement income	911	135	776	1,04
Mean retirement income (dollars)	\$16,695	3,176	\$13,519	\$19,871
With Supplemental Security Income	161	72	89	233
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	\$6,465	1,722	\$4,743	\$8,187
With cash public assistance income	47	30	17	7
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	\$3,066	2,782	\$284	\$5,848
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	167	85	82	252
Families	3,708	184	3,524	3,892
Less than \$10,000	80	60	20	14
\$10,000 to \$14,999	128	97	31	22:
\$15,000 to \$24,999	251	100	151	35
\$25,000 to \$34,999	422	114	308	53
\$35,000 to \$49,999	552	125	427	67
\$50,000 to \$74,999	743	149	594	89
\$75,000 to \$99,999	851	197	654	1,04
\$100,000 to \$149,999	541	138	403	67
\$150,000 to \$199,999	104	53	51	15
\$200,000 or more	36	33	3	6
Median family income (dollars)	\$61,859	3,951	\$57,908	\$65,810
Mean family income (dollars)	\$67,847	4,096	\$63,751	\$71,943
Per capita income (dollars)	\$23,661	1,030	\$22,631	\$24,691
Nonfamily households	1,772	219	1,553	1,99
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	\$22,337	5,509	\$16,828	\$27,846
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	\$35,282	4,674	\$30,608	\$39,956
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	\$32,127	1,888	\$30,239	\$34,015
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$49,405	3,294	\$46,111	\$52,699
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$32,821	2,639	\$30,182	\$35,460

HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE

Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	(X)	(X)	
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	
With private health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	
With public health coverage	(X)	(X)	
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	

Geographic Area: Moreau town, Saratoga County, New York

90% Confidence Interval Selected Economic Characteristics Margin of Error (+/-) Estimate Lower Bound Upper Bound

PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL

TERCERTINGE OF TRUTETED AND TEOLEE WHOSE INCOME IN T		Boll Indio Diditi	DH † HH	
All families	5.0%	2.6	2.4%	7.6%
With related children under 18 years	6.3%	3.7	2.6%	10.0%
With related children under 5 years only	10.2%	12	0.0%	22.2%
Married couple families	2.9%	2.5	0.4%	5.4%
With related children under 18 years	1.4%	1.5	0.0%	2.9%
With related children under 5 years only	3.9%	6	0.0%	9.9%
Families with female householder, no husband present	14.3%	10.2	4.1%	24.5%
With related children under 18 years	20.2%	14.4	5.8%	34.6%
With related children under 5 years only	30.1%	42.6	0.0%	72.7%
All people	7.2%	2.2	5.0%	9.4%
Under 18 years	6.6%	4.5	2.1%	11.1%
Related children under 18 years	6.6%	4.5	2.1%	11.1%
Related children under 5 years	14.8%	10.9	3.9%	25.7%
Related children 5 to 17 years	4.3%	3.5	0.8%	7.8%
18 years and over	7.4%	2.1	5.3%	9.5%
18 to 64 years	6.1%	1.9	4.2%	8.0%
65 years and over	13.7%	8	5.7%	21.7%
People in families	4.3%	2.3	2.0%	6.6%
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	19.9%	6.4	13.5%	26.3%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

-Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

·Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

·Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

·Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.

-Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage_edits_final.pdf for more details.

While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

·Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.