Survey: American Community Survey

Geographic Area: Corinth town, Saratoga County, New York			90% Confidence Interval	
Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
EMPLOYMENT STATUS Population 16 years and over	5,249	165	5,084	5,414
In labor force	3,171	208	2,963	3,379
Civilian labor force	3,146	209	2,937	3,355
Employed	2,980	204	2,776	3,184
Unemployed	166	70	96	236
Armed Forces	25	33	0	58
Not in labor force	2,078	247	1,831	2,325
Civilian labor force	3,146	209	2,937	3,355
Percent Unemployed	5.3%	2.2	3.1%	7.5%
Telectic Ottemployed	3.570	2.2	3.170	7.570
Females 16 years and over	2,640	153	2,487	2,793
In labor force	1,565	158	1,407	1,723
Civilian labor force	1,565	158	1,407	1,723
Employed	1,540	157	1,383	1,697
Own children under 6 years	416	127	289	543
All parents in family in labor force	263	116	147	379
Own children 6 to 17 years	742	172	570	914
All parents in family in labor force	465	172	315	615
An parents in family in fator force	403	130	313	013
COMMUTING TO WORK				
Workers 16 years and over	2,933	201	2,732	3,134
Car, truck, or van drove alone	2,234	218	2,016	2,452
Car, truck, or van carpooled	317	100	217	417
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0	123	0	123
Walked	124	82	42	206
Other means	102	64	38	166
Worked at home	156	52	104	208
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	27.6	3.4	24.2	31.0
ivedir traver time to work (minutes)	27.0	5.+	24.2	31.0
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	2,980	204	2,776	3,184
Management, professional, and related occupations	704	141	563	845
Service occupations	660	136	524	796
Sales and office occupations	691	136	555	827
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	77	67	10	144
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	407 441	103 118	304 323	510 559
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	441	118	323	339
INDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	2,980	204	2,776	3,184
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	129	75	54	204
Construction	210	79	131	289
Manufacturing	358	117	241	475
Wholesale trade	54	45	9	99
Retail trade	301	111	190	412
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	171	79	92	250
Information	53	52	1	105
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	199	96	103	295
Professional, scientific, & management, & administrative and waste management services Educational services, and health care and social assistance	225 654	77 133	148 521	302 787
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	222	106	116	328
Other services, except public administration	124	64	60	188
Public administration	280	96	184	376
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	2,980	204	2,776	3,184
				0.101
Private wage and salary workers	1,971	210	1,761	
Private wage and salary workers Government workers	1,971 647	130	517	777
Private wage and salary workers	1,971			2,181 777 474 123

Geographic Area: Corinth town, Saratoga County, New York			90% Confidence Interval		
Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)			
Selected Devilonme Characteristics	Listinue	margin of Error (17)	Lower Bound	Cpper Bound	
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)					
Total households	2,368		2,198	2,538	
Less than \$10,000	171	81	90	252	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	233	132	101	365	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	214	82	132	296	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	234	77	157	311	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	413	114	299	527	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	405	106	299	511	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	353	100	253	453	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	305	84	221	389	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	6	10	0	16	
\$200,000 or more	34	26	8	60	
Median household income (dollars)		8,682	Ü	\$55,914	
	\$47,232		\$38,550		
Mean household income (dollars)	\$56,610	5,228	\$51,382	\$61,838	
With earnings	1,826	129	1,697	1,955	
Mean earnings (dollars)	\$57,591	5,192	\$52,399	\$62,783	
With Social Security	790	149	\$32,399 641	939	
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	\$15,200	1,333	\$13,867	\$16,533	
With retirement income	584	112	472	696	
Mean retirement income (dollars)	\$17,863	4,533	\$13,330	\$22,396	
WILL 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			10		
With Supplemental Security Income	95	47	48	142	
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	\$10,476	2,918	\$7,558	\$13,394	
With cash public assistance income	74	58	16	132	
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	\$1,718	2,412	\$0	\$4,130	
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	188	69	119	257	
Families	1,486	116	1,370	1,602	
Less than \$10,000	70	43	27	113	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	86	48	38	134	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	106	58	48	164	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	104	39	65	143	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	262	85	177	347	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	321	93	228	414	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	255	85	170	340	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	242	70	172	312	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	242		172	16	
\$200,000 to \$179,777 \$200,000 or more	34	26	8	60	
Median family income (dollars)	\$61,467	5,616	\$55,851	\$67,083	
Mean family income (dollars)	\$65,563	5,714	\$59,849	\$71,277	
Per capita income (dollars)	\$22,023	1,815	\$20,208	\$23,838	
Per capita income (donars)	\$22,023	1,813	\$20,208	\$23,030	
Nonfamily households	001	102	699	1.0/5	
Nonfamily households	\$82 \$20,174	11 990		1,065	
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	\$30,174	11,880	\$18,294	\$42,054	
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	\$36,279	7,167	\$29,112	\$43,446	
Madian asymings for workers (dellars)	\$0C 704	2 221	¢02.402	¢20.045	
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	\$26,724	3,321	\$23,403	\$30,045	
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$41,982	2,907	\$39,075	\$44,889	
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$31,469	4,420	\$27,049	\$35,889	
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE					
	(37)	(17)			
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	(X)				
With health insurance coverage	(X)				
With private health insurance coverage	(X)				
With public health coverage	(X)				
No health insurance coverage	(X)				
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years	(X)	(X)			

Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates Survey: American Community Survey

Geographic Area: Corinth town, Saratoga County, New York			90% Confidence Interval	
Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound

10.8%	4.3	6.5%	15.1%
18.5%	7.7	10.8%	26.2%
9.7%	10.9	0.0%	20.6%
6.4%	4.2	2.2%	10.6%
11.4%	7.6	3.8%	19.0%
10.9%	13.9	0.0%	24.8%
30.7%	16.4	14.3%	47.1%
36.2%	20.1	16.1%	56.3%
9.2%	19.3	0.0%	28.5%
16.0%	4.2	11.8%	20.2%
23.7%	9.7	14.0%	33.4%
21.7%	9.8	11.9%	31.5%
20.3%	14.3	6.0%	34.6%
22.4%	10.7	11.7%	33.1%
14.0%	3.8	10.2%	17.8%
13.9%	3.8	10.1%	17.7%
14.5%	8	6.5%	22.5%
12.4%	5.2	7.2%	17.6%
27.9%	7.9	20.0%	35.8%
	18.5% 9.7% 6.4% 11.4% 10.9% 30.7% 36.2% 9.2% 16.0% 23.7% 21.7% 20.3% 22.4% 14.0% 13.9% 14.5% 12.4%	18.5% 7.7 9.7% 10.9 6.4% 4.2 11.4% 7.6 10.9% 13.9 30.7% 16.4 36.2% 20.1 9.2% 19.3 16.0% 4.2 23.7% 9.7 21.7% 9.8 20.3% 14.3 22.4% 10.7 14.0% 3.8 13.9% 3.8 14.5% 8 12.4% 5.2	18.5% 7.7 10.8% 9.7% 10.9 0.0% 6.4% 4.2 2.2% 11.4% 7.6 3.8% 10.9% 13.9 0.0% 30.7% 16.4 14.3% 36.2% 20.1 16.1% 9.2% 19.3 0.0% 16.0% 4.2 11.8% 23.7% 9.7 14.0% 21.7% 9.8 11.9% 20.3% 14.3 6.0% 22.4% 10.7 11.7% 14.0% 3.8 10.2% 13.9% 3.8 10.1% 14.5% 8 6.5% 12.4% 5.2 7.2%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

- Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.
- ·Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.
- ·Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- ·Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.
- · Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.
- ·Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage_edits_final.pdf for more details.
- ·While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
- •Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.