

**Geographic Area: Clifton Park town, Saratoga County, New York**

90% Confidence Interval

Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
<b>Population 16 years and over</b>	<b>28,342</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>27,961</b>	<b>28,723</b>
In labor force	20,190	611	19,579	20,801
Civilian labor force	20,081	609	19,472	20,690
Employed	19,349	626	18,723	19,975
Unemployed	732	184	548	916
Armed Forces	109	92	17	201
Not in labor force	8,152	514	7,638	8,666
<b>Civilian labor force</b>	<b>20,081</b>	<b>609</b>	<b>19,472</b>	<b>20,690</b>
Percent Unemployed	3.6%	0.9	2.7%	4.5%
<b>Females 16 years and over</b>	<b>14,340</b>	<b>404</b>	<b>13,936</b>	<b>14,744</b>
In labor force	9,306	467	8,839	9,773
Civilian labor force	9,306	467	8,839	9,773
Employed	8,963	462	8,501	9,425
<b>Own children under 6 years</b>	<b>2,535</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>2,265</b>	<b>2,805</b>
All parents in family in labor force	1,607	236	1,371	1,843
<b>Own children 6 to 17 years</b>	<b>6,513</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>6,170</b>	<b>6,856</b>
All parents in family in labor force	5,066	445	4,621	5,511

**COMMUTING TO WORK**

<b>Workers 16 years and over</b>	<b>19,094</b>	<b>657</b>	<b>18,437</b>	<b>19,751</b>
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	16,735	645	16,090	17,380
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	1,126	243	883	1,369
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	107	63	44	170
Walked	211	108	103	319
Other means	83	51	32	134
Worked at home	832	178	654	1,010
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	24.0	1	23.0	25.0

**OCCUPATION**

<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	<b>19,349</b>	<b>626</b>	<b>18,723</b>	<b>19,975</b>
Management, professional, and related occupations	9,644	606	9,038	10,250
Service occupations	2,633	424	2,209	3,057
Sales and office occupations	5,045	477	4,568	5,522
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	110	103	7	213
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	687	162	525	849
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,230	287	943	1,517

**INDUSTRY**

<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	<b>19,349</b>	<b>626</b>	<b>18,723</b>	<b>19,975</b>
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	169	144	25	313
Construction	708	174	534	882
Manufacturing	1,474	251	1,223	1,725
Wholesale trade	696	181	515	877
Retail trade	1,898	278	1,620	2,176
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	866	231	635	1,097
Information	534	166	368	700
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	1,821	296	1,525	2,117
Professional, scientific, & management, & administrative and waste management services	2,551	261	2,290	2,812
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	4,470	377	4,093	4,847
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	1,770	391	1,379	2,161
Other services, except public administration	596	170	426	766
Public administration	1,796	320	1,476	2,116

**CLASS OF WORKER**

<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	<b>19,349</b>	<b>626</b>	<b>18,723</b>	<b>19,975</b>
Private wage and salary workers	14,443	701	13,742	15,144
Government workers	3,908	429	3,479	4,337
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	989	208	781	1,197
Unpaid family workers	9	15	0	24

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<b>INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)</b>				
<b>Total households</b>	<b>13,396</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>13,033</b>	<b>13,759</b>
Less than \$10,000	183	93	90	276
\$10,000 to \$14,999	341	142	199	483
\$15,000 to \$24,999	651	175	476	826
\$25,000 to \$34,999	590	143	447	733
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,322	232	1,090	1,554
\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,316	311	2,005	2,627
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2,343	323	2,020	2,666
\$100,000 to \$149,999	3,192	289	2,903	3,481
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,325	202	1,123	1,527
\$200,000 or more	1,133	191	942	1,324
Median household income (dollars)	\$87,215	3,631	\$83,584	\$90,846
Mean household income (dollars)	\$103,149	4,168	\$98,981	\$107,317
<b>With earnings</b>	<b>11,248</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>10,897</b>	<b>11,599</b>
Mean earnings (dollars)	\$102,060	4,825	\$97,235	\$106,885
<b>With Social Security</b>	<b>3,273</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>3,012</b>	<b>3,534</b>
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	\$18,054	1,075	\$16,979	\$19,129
<b>With retirement income</b>	<b>3,070</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>2,804</b>	<b>3,336</b>
Mean retirement income (dollars)	\$32,125	3,885	\$28,240	\$36,010
<b>With Supplemental Security Income</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>122</b>
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	\$5,491	1,982	\$3,509	\$7,473
<b>With cash public assistance income</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>67</b>
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	\$5,930	4,595	\$1,335	\$10,525
<b>With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>107</b>
<b>Families</b>	<b>9,846</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>9,548</b>	<b>10,144</b>
Less than \$10,000	97	68	29	165
\$10,000 to \$14,999	31	25	6	56
\$15,000 to \$24,999	152	65	87	217
\$25,000 to \$34,999	327	121	206	448
\$35,000 to \$49,999	726	188	538	914
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,603	268	1,335	1,871
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,829	260	1,569	2,089
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,860	289	2,571	3,149
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,223	191	1,032	1,414
\$200,000 or more	998	184	814	1,182
Median family income (dollars)	\$101,854	3,425	\$98,429	\$105,279
Mean family income (dollars)	\$117,063	5,121	\$111,942	\$122,184
Per capita income (dollars)	\$38,841	1,657	\$37,184	\$40,498
<b>Nonfamily households</b>	<b>3,550</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>3,186</b>	<b>3,914</b>
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	\$49,551	2,854	\$46,697	\$52,405
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	\$62,315	7,648	\$54,667	\$69,963
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	\$44,530	2,461	\$42,069	\$46,991
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$68,960	3,102	\$65,858	\$72,062
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$49,548	2,172	\$47,376	\$51,720

**HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE**

<b>Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population</b>	(X)	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)		
With private health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)		
With public health coverage	(X)	(X)		
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)		
<b>Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years</b>	(X)	(X)		
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)		

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			Lower Bound	Upper Bound

**PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL**

All families	1.7%	0.9	0.8%	2.6%
With related children under 18 years	1.8%	1	0.8%	2.8%
With related children under 5 years only	0.0%	4.4	0.0%	4.4%
Married couple families	1.2%	0.8	0.4%	2.0%
With related children under 18 years	0.6%	0.6	0.0%	1.2%
With related children under 5 years only	0.0%	4.4	0.0%	4.4%
Families with female householder, no husband present	6.7%	5.1	1.6%	11.8%
With related children under 18 years	9.9%	7.5	2.4%	17.4%
With related children under 5 years only	0.0%	100	0.0%	100.0%
All people	3.0%	1.1	1.9%	4.1%
Under 18 years	2.7%	1.3	1.4%	4.0%
Related children under 18 years	2.3%	1.2	1.1%	3.5%
Related children under 5 years	1.0%	0.9	0.1%	1.9%
Related children 5 to 17 years	2.6%	1.5	1.1%	4.1%
18 years and over	3.1%	1.2	1.9%	4.3%
18 to 64 years	3.1%	1.4	1.7%	4.5%
65 years and over	2.8%	1.7	1.1%	4.5%
People in families	2.1%	1.1	1.0%	3.2%
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	8.7%	3.6	5.1%	12.3%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

**Notes:**

- Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.
- Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.
- Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.
- Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.
- Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see [http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage\\_edits\\_final.pdf](http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage_edits_final.pdf) for more details.
- While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
- Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

**Explanation of Symbols:**

1. An '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.