Geographic Area: Colonie town, Albany County, New Yor	·k		ey: American Cor 90% Confide	• •
Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Estillate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Opper Bound
Population 16 years and over	66,811	591	66,220	67,402
In labor force	44,455	1,290	43,165	45,745
Civilian labor force	44,415	1,289	43,126	45,704
Employed	42,438	1,258	41,180	43,696
Unemployed	1,977	347	1,630	2,324
Armed Forces	40	45	0	85
Not in labor force	22,356	1,558	20,798	23,914
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Civilian labor force	44,415	1,289	43,126	45,704
Percent Unemployed	4.5%	0.8	3.7%	5.3%
Females 16 years and over	34,946	644	34,302	35,590
In labor force	22,404	766	21,638	23,170
Civilian labor force	22,404	766	21,638	23,170
Employed	21,480	767	20,713	22,247
A *	·		·	<u> </u>
Own children under 6 years	4,903	419	4,484	5,322
All parents in family in labor force	3,413	422	2,991	3,835
	·			<u> </u>
Own children 6 to 17 years	11,093	622	10,471	11,715
All parents in family in labor force	8,565	622	7,943	9,187
<u> </u>		•		
COMMUTING TO WORK				
Workers 16 years and over	41,208	1,212	39,996	42,420
Car, truck, or van drove alone	34,730	1,155	33,575	35,885
Car, truck, or van carpooled	3,264	530	2,734	3,794
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	526	141	385	667
Walked	618	212	406	830
Other means	501	178	323	679
Worked at home	1,569	296	1,273	1,865
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.9	0.5	17.4	18.4
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	42,438	1,258	41,180	43,696
Management, professional, and related occupations	17,967	865	17,102	18,832
Service occupations	5,680	509	5,171	6,189
Sales and office occupations	12,965	728	12,237	13,693
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	103	115	0	218
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	2,421	411	2,010	2,832
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,302	382	2,920	3,684
INDUSTRY		1		
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	42,438		41,180	43,696
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	172	129	43	301
Construction	1,810		1,454	2,166
Manufacturing	2,369	350	2,019	2,719
Wholesale trade	1,085	189	896	1,274
Retail trade	4,694	515	4,179	5,209
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	2,418	348	2,070	2,766
Information  The second desired and second s	1,119	320	799	1,439
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	4,011	429	3,582	4,440
Professional, scientific, & management, & administrative and waste management services	3,663	460	3,203	4,123
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	10,462	733	9,729	11,195
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	3,144	441	2,703	3,585
Other services, except public administration	1,746	209 497	1,537	1,955
Public administration	5,745	497	5,248	6,242
CLASS OF MODIVED				
CLASS OF WORKER	42 420	1 250	41 100	42 (0)
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	42,438		41,180	43,696
Private wage and salary workers Government workers	29,363	1,207	28,156	30,570
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	11,032 1,980	674 307	10,358 1,673	11,706
Unpaid family workers	1,980	43	1,6/3	2,287 106
Onpaid family workers	0.3	43	20	106

Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates Survey: American Community Survey

Geographic Area: Colonie town, Albany County, New York			90% Confidence Interval	
Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)	22.104	0#4	21 222	22.0=/
Total households	32,104	872	31,232	32,976
Less than \$10,000	1,106	260	846 582	1,366
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	778 2,490	196 340	2,150	974 2,830
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	2,490	340	2,150	3,134
\$35,000 to \$49,999	4,443	460	3,983	4,903
\$50,000 to \$74,999	6,412	538	5,874	6,950
\$75,000 to \$99,999	5,022	338 474	4,548	5,496
\$100,000 to \$149,999	5,770	395	5,375	6,165
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,869	260	1,609	2,129
\$200,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more	1,471	231	1,240	1,702
Median household income (dollars)	\$67,170	2,784	\$64,386	\$69,954
Mean household income (dollars)	\$84,188	3,477	\$80,711	\$87,665
Wedn nousehold meome (donars)	\$64,166	3,477	\$60,711	\$87,003
With earnings	25,978	896	25,082	26,874
Mean earnings (dollars)	\$82,679	3,418	\$79,261	\$86,097
With Social Security	9,740	549	9,191	10,289
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	\$16,587	499	\$16,088	\$17,086
With retirement income	8,222	498	7,724	8,720
Mean retirement income (dollars)	\$23,787	1,434	\$22,353	\$25,221
ividui retirement income (donats)	Ψ23,767	1,757	Ψ22,333	Ψ23,221
With Supplemental Security Income	659	179	480	838
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	\$8,887	1,488	\$7,399	\$10,375
With cash public assistance income	320	121	199	441
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	\$4,815	2,426	\$2,389	\$7,241
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	825	198	627	1,023
William 2 550 billing for the section in the past 12 months	020	170	02.	1,020
Families	20,898	590	20,308	21,488
Less than \$10,000	289	112	177	401
\$10,000 to \$14,999	249	110	139	359
\$15,000 to \$24,999	737	187	550	924
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,263	273	990	1,536
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,534	336	2,198	2,870
\$50,000 to \$74,999	4,112	398	3,714	4,510
\$75,000 to \$99,999	3,807	422	3,385	4,229
\$100,000 to \$149,999	4,864	387	4,477	5,251
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,729	253	1,476	1,982
\$200,000 or more	1,314	219	1,095	1,533
Median family income (dollars)	\$82,992	2,625	\$80,367	\$85,617
Mean family income (dollars)	\$101,069	5,065	\$96,004	\$106,134
Per capita income (dollars)	\$33,706	1,431	\$32,275	\$35,137
Nonfamily households	11,206	711	10,495	11,917
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	\$41,023	2,353	\$38,670	\$43,376
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	\$50,012	2,906	\$47,106	\$52,918
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	\$34,602	1,071	\$33,531	\$35,673
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$54,711	1,619	\$53,092	\$56,330
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$42,342	1,906	\$40,436	\$44,248
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE				
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	(X)	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)		
With private health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)		
With public health coverage	(X)	(X)		
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)		
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X) (X)		

Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates Survey: American Community Survey

Geographic Area: Colonie town, Albany County, New York		90% Confidence Interval		
Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound

All families	2.8%	0.8	2.0%	3.6%
With related children under 18 years	4.7%	1.4	3.3%	6.1%
With related children under 5 years only	5.7%	4.1	1.6%	9.8%
Married couple families	1.2%	0.5	0.7%	1.7%
With related children under 18 years	1.7%	1	0.7%	2.7%
With related children under 5 years only	4.1%	3.7	0.4%	7.8%
Families with female householder, no husband present	9.2%	3	6.2%	12.2%
With related children under 18 years	15.2%	4.8	10.4%	20.0%
With related children under 5 years only	22.2%	18.6	3.6%	40.8%
All people	5.6%	0.9	4.7%	6.5%
Under 18 years	5.2%	1.8	3.4%	7.0%
Related children under 18 years	4.9%	1.8	3.1%	6.7%
Related children under 5 years	6.0%	3.2	2.8%	9.2%
Related children 5 to 17 years	4.5%	1.6	2.9%	6.1%
18 years and over	5.8%	1	4.8%	6.8%
18 to 64 years	5.4%	1.1	4.3%	6.5%
65 years and over	7.2%	2.1	5.1%	9.3%
People in families	2.9%	0.9	2.0%	3.8%
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	17.1%	2.4	14.7%	19.5%

## Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

## Notes:

- Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.
- ·Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.
- ·Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- ·Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.
- ·Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.
- ·Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage\_edits\_final.pdf for more details.
- ·While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.
- ·Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

## **Explanation of Symbols:**

- 1. An '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small
- 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.