# ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates: 2005-2009

	ographic Area: Princetown town, Schenectady County, New York			ence Interval
ACS Demographic & Housing Estimates	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
SEX AND AGE	0.471	222	2.249	2 (0
Total Population	2,471	<b>223</b> 127	2,248	2,694
Male	1,218		1,091	1,34
Female	1,253	147	1,106	1,400
Under 5 years	135	51	84	18
5 to 9 years	197	89	108	28
10 to 14 years	162	74	88	23
15 to 19 years	183	73	110	250
20 to 24 years	86	42	44	12
25 to 34 years	287	93	194	380
35 to 44 years	277	67	210	344
45 to 54 years	531	87	444	618
55 to 59 years	213	65	148	278
60 to 64 years	116	50	66	16
65 to 74 years	170	53	117	223
75 to 84 years	65	34	31	99
85 years and over	49	36	13	8
Median age (years)	42.4	3.2	39.2	45.0
18 years and over	1,829	130	1,699	1,959
21 years and over	1,744	128	1,616	1,872
62 years and over	320	51	269	37
65 years and over	284	44	240	328
18 years and over	1,829	130	1,699	1,959
Male	878	75	803	953
Female	951	94	803	1,045
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65 years and over	284	44	240	328
Male	144	30	114	174
Female	140	38	102	178

RACE				
Total Population	2,471	223	2,248	2,694
One race	2,421	230	2,191	2,651
Two or more races	50	46	4	96
One race	2,421	230	2,191	2,651
White	2,341	227	2,114	2,568
Black or African American	11	16	0	27
American Indian and Alaska Native	13	15	0	28
Cherokee tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Chippewa tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Navajo tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Sioux tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Asian	56	68	0	124
Asian Indian	46	66	0	112
Chinese	10	24	0	34
Filipino	0	123	0	123
Japanese	0	123	0	123
Korean	0	123	0	123
Vietnamese	0	123	0	123
Other Asian	0	123	0	123
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0	123	0	123
Native Hawaiian	0	123	0	123
Guamanian or Chamorro	0	123	0	123
Samoan	0	123	0	123
Other Pacific Islander	0	123	0	123
Some other race	0	123	0	123
Two or more races	50	46	4	96
White and Black or African American	20	22	0	42
White and American Indian and Alaska Native	6	9	0	15
White and Asian	0	123	0	123
Black or African American and American Indian and Alaska Native	24	40	0	64

## ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates: 2005-2009

Geographic Area: Princetown town, Schenectady County, New York		90% Confidence Interval		
ACS Demographic & Housing Estimates	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Race alone or in combination with one or more other races				
Total Population	2,471	223	2,248	2,694
White	2,367	223	2,144	2,590
Black or African American	55	44	11	99
American Indian and Alaska Native	43	51	0	94
Asian	56	68	0	124
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0	123	0	123
Some other race	0	123	0	123

## HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE

Total Population	2,471	223	2,248	2,694
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	0	123	0	123
Mexican	0	123	0	123
Puerto Rican	0	123	0	123
Cuban	0	123	0	123
Other Hispanic or Latino	0	123	0	123
Not Hispanic or Latino	2,471	223	2,248	2,694
White alone	2,341	227	2,114	2,568
Black or African American alone	11	16	0	27
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	13	15	0	28
Asian alone	56	68	0	124
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0	123	0	123
Some other race alone	0	123	0	123
Two or more races	50	46	4	96
Two races including Some other race	0	123	0	123
Two races excluding Some other race, and Three or more races	50	46	4	96
Total Housing Units	928	63	865	991

#### Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

#### Notes:

•For more information on understanding race and Hispanic origin data, please see the Census 2000 Brief entitled, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin, issued March 2001. (pdf format)

• The ACS questions on Hispanic origin and race were revised in 2008 to make them consistent with the Census 2010 question wording. Any changes in estimates for 2008 and beyond may be due to demographic changes, as well as factors including questionnaire changes, differences in ACS population controls, and methodological differences in the population estimates, and therefore should be used with caution. For a summary of questionnaire changes see http://www.census.gov/acs/www/methodology/questionnaire\_changes/. For more information about changes in the estimates see http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/hispanic/reports.html.

•While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

•Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

## **Explanation of Symbols:**

1. An '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an openended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.