Geographic Area: Victory village, New York

ACS Demographic & Housing Estimates	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	90% Confidence Interval Lower Bound	90% Confidence Interval Upper Bound
SEX AND AGE				
Total Population	**605**	**111**	**494**	**716**
Male	301	59	242	360
Female	304	70	234	374
Under 5 years	31	17	14	48
5 to 9 years	50	25	25	75
10 to 14 years	37	17	20	54
15 to 19 years	68	28	40	96
20 to 24 years	31	14	17	45
25 to 34 years	100	40	60	140
35 to 44 years	93	28	65	121
45 to 54 years	70	25	45	95
55 to 59 years	17	16	1	33
60 to 64 years	32	16	16	48
65 to 74 years	52	18	34	70
75 to 84 years	22	12	10	34
85 years and over	2	3	0	5
Median age (years)	32.4	6.9	25.5	39.3
18 years and over	451	84	367	535
21 years and over	416	75	341	491
62 years and over	80	22	58	102
65 years and over	76	21	55	97
18 years and over	**451**	**84**	**367**	**535**
Male	224	49	175	273
Female	227	55	172	282
65 years and over	**76**	**21**	**55**	**97**
Male	38	12	26	50
Female	38	14	24	52

RACE				
Total Population	**605**	**111**	**494**	**716**
One race	602	111	491	713
Two or more races	3	5	0	8
One race	602	111	491	713
White	595	111	484	706
Black or African American	4	4	0	8
American Indian and Alaska Native	2	4	0	6
Cherokee tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Chippewa tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Navajo tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Sioux tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Asian	0	123	0	123
Asian Indian	0	123	0	123
Chinese	0	123	0	123
Filipino	0	123	0	123
Japanese	0	123	0	123
Korean	0	123	0	123
Vietnamese	0	123	0	123
Other Asian	0	123	0	123
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0	123	0	123
Native Hawaiian	0	123	0	123
Guamanian or Chamorro	0	123	0	123
Samoan	0	123	0	123
Other Pacific Islander	0	123	0	123
Some other race	1	3	0	4
Two or more races	3	5	0	8
White and Black or African American	3	5	0	8
White and American Indian and Alaska Native	0	123	0	123
White and Asian	0	123	0	123
Black or African American and American Indian and Alaska Native	0	123	0	123

Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates
Survey: American Community Survey

Geographic Area: Victory village, New York

ACS Demographic & Housing Estimates	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	90% Confidence Interval Lower Bound	90% Confidence Interval Upper Bound
Race alone or in combination with one or more other races				
Total Population	**605**	**111**	**494**	**716**
White	598	111	487	709
Black or African American	7	8	0	15
American Indian and Alaska Native	2	4	0	6
Asian	0	123	0	123
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0	123	0	123
Some other race	1	3	0	4

HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE

	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total Population	**605**	**111**	**494**	**716**
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	8	10	0	18
Mexican	0	123	0	123
Puerto Rican	6	9	0	15
Cuban	2	5	0	7
Other Hispanic or Latino	0	123	0	123
Not Hispanic or Latino	597	110	487	707
White alone	593	110	483	703
Black or African American alone	2	2	0	4
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	2	4	0	6
Asian alone	0	123	0	123
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0	123	0	123
Some other race alone	0	123	0	123
Two or more races	0	123	0	123
Two races including Some other race	0	123	0	123
Two races excluding Some other race, and Three or more races	0	123	0	123

	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total Housing Units	**229**	**41**	**188**	**270**

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

·For more information on understanding race and Hispanic origin data, please see the Census 2000 Brief entitled, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin, issued March 2001. (pdf format)

·The ACS questions on Hispanic origin and race were revised in 2008 to make them consistent with the Census 2010 question wording. Any changes in estimates for 2008 and beyond may be due to demographic changes, as well as factors including questionnaire changes, differences in ACS population controls, and methodological differences in the population estimates, and therefore should be used with caution. For a summary of questionnaire changes see http://www.census.gov/acs/www/methodology/questionnaire_changes/. For more information about changes in the estimates see http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/hispanic/reports.html.

·While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

·Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.