# ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates: 2005-2009

Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates Survey: American Community Survey

# Geographic Area: Corinth village New Vork

Geographic Area: Corinth village, New York		90% Confidence Interval		
ACS Demographic & Housing Estimates	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
SEX AND AGE				
Total Population	2,212	241	1,971	2,453
Male	1,097	168	929	1,265
Female	1,115	148	967	1,263
Under 5 years	160	68	92	228
5 to 9 years	72	43	29	115
10 to 14 years	153	54	99	207
15 to 19 years	243	99	144	342
20 to 24 years	181	99	82	280
25 to 34 years	300	88	212	388
35 to 44 years	404	88	316	492
45 to 54 years	336	66	270	402
55 to 59 years	59	33	26	92
60 to 64 years	58	29	29	87
65 to 74 years	134	40	94	174
75 to 84 years	89	33	56	122
85 years and over	23	18	5	41
Median age (years)	34.9	4	30.9	38.9
18 years and over	1,703	174	1,529	1,877
21 years and over	1,547	154	1,393	1,701
62 years and over	287	49	238	336
65 years and over	246	40	206	286
18 years and over	1,703	174	1,529	1,877
Male	833	118	715	951
Female	870	123	747	993
65 years and over	246	40	206	286
Male	99	28	71	127
Female	147	36	111	183

Total Population	2,212	241	1,971	2,453
One race	2,212	241	1,971	2,453
Two or more races	0	123	0	123
One race	2,212	241	1,971	2,453
White	2,193	243	1,950	2,436
Black or African American	19	32	0	51
American Indian and Alaska Native	0	123	0	123
Cherokee tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Chippewa tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Navajo tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Sioux tribal grouping	0	123	0	123
Asian	0	123	0	123
Asian Indian	0	123	0	123
Chinese	0	123	0	123
Filipino	0	123	0	123
Japanese	0	123	0	123
Korean	0	123	0	123
Vietnamese	0	123	0	123
Other Asian	0	123	0	123
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0	123	0	123
Native Hawaiian	0	123	0	123
Guamanian or Chamorro	0	123	0	123
Samoan	0	123	0	123
Other Pacific Islander	0	123	0	123
Some other race	0	123	0	123
Two or more races	0	123	0	123
White and Black or African American	0	123	0	123
White and American Indian and Alaska Native	0	123	0	123
White and Asian	0	123	0	123
Black or African American and American Indian and Alaska Native	0	123	0	123

## ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates: 2005-2009

90% Confidence Interval

## Geographic Area: Corinth village, New York

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ACS Demographic & Housing Estimates	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Race alone or in combination with one or more other races				
Total Population	2,212	241	1,971	2,453
White	2,193	243	1,950	2,436
Black or African American	19	32	0	51
American Indian and Alaska Native	0	123	0	123
Asian	0	123	0	123
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0	123	0	123
Some other race	0	123	0	123

#### HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE

Total Population	2,212	241	1,971	2,453
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	29	34	0	63
Mexican	0	123	0	123
Puerto Rican	23	32	0	55
Cuban	0	123	0	123
Other Hispanic or Latino	6	9	0	15
Not Hispanic or Latino	2,183	243	1,940	2,426
White alone	2,183	243	1,940	2,426
Black or African American alone	0	123	0	123
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	0	123	0	123
Asian alone	0	123	0	123
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0	123	0	123
Some other race alone	0	123	0	123
Two or more races	0	123	0	123
Two races including Some other race	0	123	0	123
Two races excluding Some other race, and Three or more races	0	123	0	123
Total Housing Units	1,022	78	944	1,100

#### Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

#### Notes:

•For more information on understanding race and Hispanic origin data, please see the Census 2000 Brief entitled, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin, issued March 2001. (pdf format)

• The ACS questions on Hispanic origin and race were revised in 2008 to make them consistent with the Census 2010 question wording. Any changes in estimates for 2008 and beyond may be due to demographic changes, as well as factors including questionnaire changes, differences in ACS population controls, and methodological differences in the population estimates, and therefore should be used with caution. For a summary of questionnaire changes see http://www.census.gov/acs/www/methodology/questionnaire\_changes/. For more information about changes in the estimates see http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/hispanic/reports.html.

•While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

•Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

### **Explanation of Symbols:**

1. An '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an openended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.